

2012 Update - National Green Building Standard™ Proposed changes to 2008 NGBS February 2011

Table of Contents

TG-1: ADMINISTRATION, COMPLIANCE, AND OPERATION & OWNER EDUCATION	
Chapter 1 – Scope and Administration	2
TG-2: SITE AND LOT DEVELOPMENT	6
Chapter 2 – Definitions	
TG-3: RESOURCE EFFICIENCY AND INDOOR ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY	
Chapter 2 – Definitions Chapter 6 – Resource Efficiency Chapter 9 – Indoor Environmental Quality	34
TG-4: WATER EFFICIENCY	90
Chapter 3 – Compliance Method Chapter 8 – Water Efficiency	
TG-5: ENERGY EFFICIENCY	99
Chapter 2 – Definitions Chapter 3 – Compliance Method Chapter 7 – Energy Efficiency Chapter 11 – Referenced Documents	99 99
TG-6: MULTIFAMILY	
Chapter 2 – Definitions	
TG-7: RENOVATIONS AND ADDITIONS	
CHAPTER 2 – DEFINITIONS CHAPTER 3 – COMPLIANCE METHOD ENTIRE DOCUMENT CHAPTER 7 – ENERGY EFFICIENCY CHAPTER 8 – WATER EFFICIENCY CHAPTER 9 – INDOOR AIR QUALITY	
CHAPTER 10 – OPERATION, MAINTENANCE, AND BUILDING OWNER EDUCATION	130

TG-1: Administration, Compliance, and Operation & Owner Education

Chapter 1 – Scope and Administration

ID	Name Company Entity Represented	Section Number And Requested Action	Proposed Change	Reason	Task Group Action	Reason for TG action
227		Revise as follows	The provisions of this Standard shall apply to design and construction of the residential portion(s) of any building not classified as an institutional use in all climate zones within the United States. This Standard shall also be used for subdivisions, building sites, and the residential portions of alterations, additions, renovations, mixed-use residential buildings, and historic buildings, where applicable. The standard may also be applied to buildings located outside of the United States provided equivalent climate zone, radon zones, and termite zones are established.	there may be common areas. We have had a number of inquiries about apply the standard outside of the US.		
139			green residential buildings, building sites, and subdivisions. and renovation thereof.	The Green Renovation portion of the Standard is unworkable. We have certified several "Gut" rehabs but the remodeling is too tedious to use. It would be much better to have a seperate document for renovations.		
557	NAHB Research	Documents Revise as follows	The codes, standards, and other documents referenced in this Standard shall be considered part of the requirements of this Standard to the prescribed extent of each such reference. The version of the codes, standard or other referenced documents shall be the version referenced in chapter 11.	questions regarding how the new versions impact this standard. Adding		

Chapter 2 – Definitions

ID	Name Company Entity Represented	Section Number And Requested Action	T and a second s	Reason	Task Group Action	Reason for TG action
	, ,		Review the entire set of definitions for consistency with 2012 I-codes. Where there is a difference try to use the exact definitions from the 2012 I-codes.	Consistency with the I-code family will facilitate use of ICC 700.		
	Affiliated International Management					
	selves					

Chapter 3 – Compliance Method

ID	Name Company Entity Represented	Section Number And Requested Action	Proposed Change	Reason	Task Group Action	Reason for TG action
410	Robert Hill NAHB Research Center NAHB Research Center	301.1 Environmental performance levels Revise as follows		Performance is difficult to define and measure for "environmental". I think this would be better to say Environmental Impact Level or Rating or some other word.		
145	Randall K. Melvin Winchester Homes Inc. Winchester Homes, Inc.	Revise as follows		Provides a means of incentivising the selection of specific practices which are regionally or locally deemed to be of particular importance.		
146	Randall K. Melvin Winchester Homes Inc. Winchester Homes, Inc.	points Revise as follows	addresses the building by by decoupling it form the Lot Design, Preparation and Development Chapter, Chapter 5 and reducing the required point requirements	Encourages the use of the standard and construction of green building even in thoes situation where the lot may not qualify under chapter 5, or the substantiating information necessary to comply with chapter 5 is unknow or impractical for the builder to acquire.		
411	Robert Hill NAHB Research Center NAHB Research Center	points		The original section allows an adopting entity to modify the standard in ways that might result in widely varying certifications. If new practices or point values are added without removing other practices then the point balance will be altered. As an adopting entitiy this clause opens the door to many special requests and lobying by special interests.		
68	Steve Hale	303.1 Green		From bare lot subdivisions to acre wooded lots. There is too much		

February 2011 Page 2 of 137

Build Green NM	buildings	Revised Tab	ole 303					variation across the country in some of the six sections of the NGBS.
Build Green NM	Revise as follows							By setting appropriate minimums in the Lot, Resource and Indoor
					,			Environmental Quality, then allowing Energy and Water (which are less
		Category		Bronze	Silver	Gold	Emerald	subjective and more quantifiable) to get more stringent at higher levels
				50 all				and at the same time making category 7 Additional Points also get
		1	Lot	levels 39	66	93	119	more stringent this will allow for a more flexible Standard that is more adaptable to different regions of the country. Also the Emerald Level
		•		45 80	"			should be slightly more attainable. (For example; In the southwest there
				All				are fewer practices available in Resource Efficiency than in other parts
		2	Resource.	Levels	79	113	140	of the country)
		3	Energy	30	60	100	120	
		4	Water	14 20	26 30	41 45	60	
				36 – 50		100 90		
				Bronze		Gold		
				and		and		
		5	IEQ	Silver	65	Emerald	140	
				8 10				
		6	Education	All Levels	10	1 11	- 12	
			Education	LEVEIS	100	100	100	
		7	Additional	50 0	120	170	230	
			Totals	240	400			
			TOLAIS	240	400	545	040	

Chapter 10 – Operation, Maintenance, and Building Owner Education

ID Name Company Entity Represented	Section Number And Requested Action	Proposed Change	Reason	Task Group Action	Reason for TG action
151 glynn rountree NAHB NAHB	1001.1 Homeowner's Manual Add new as follows	(13) Maintenance checklist, to include maintenance of any low impact development (LID), sometimes also referred to as "green infrastructure," stormwater management devices that are part of the building or installed within the owner's property.	LID infiltration devices require periodic maintenance to ensure that they continue to function properly. Under EPA's Clean Water Rules, if the building is within the watershed of an impaired water body, certification must be done to document that the maintenance of all LID devices in the watershed of the impaired water body has been performeed. (See additional EPA requirements for LID under the "Renovations Note" at the end of this section.)		
NAHB		Revenovations Note: A building owners' manual that includes the following: (4) A state or EPA may require that the homeowner or building owner sign an agreement that guarantees access to the property in order for third parties to certify that LID devices installed in the property remain in place, have not been damaged, and are functioning properly.	LID devices are used to improve local water quality, recharge underground aquifers, and have other environmental beneifts. Local or national requirements may mandate that the LID device be mapped by the state and its performance certifed by the state or by third parties. Access to the LID device for inspection and maintenance is necessary to carry out those requirements.		
US EPA	1001.1 Homeowner's Manual Add new as follows	Full MSDS. For each product required by United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) to have a material safety data sheet (MSDS), an MSDS shall be submitted to the project team. MSDS shall be prepared within the previous five years in accordance with ANSI Z400.1. Information for MSDS Sections 1-16 shall be included as available; where information is not available, documentation shall so indicate.	Exposure to toxic chemicals is an important environmental issue that to date has not been given the attention it deserves by the green building community. This is in part due to the complexity of the issues involved and the relative lack of scientific data on, and commercial substitutes for, certain specific chemicals widely in use. Nonetheless, EPA's position is that there is a sufficient scientific basis for NAHB to include several toxics-related practices. We suggest that NAHB add several practices to minimize chemical and other life-cycle risks to human health and the environment. As part of this, EPA suggests adding a practice to require the provision of a full Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for all covered materials. This should apply to both one- and two-family dwellings and to multi-unit buildings; thus, under NAHB's current structure, the following language should appear twice, in sections 1001.1 and 1003.1.		
556 Robert Hill NAHB Research Center NAHB Research Center	1001.1 Homeowner's Manual Add new as follows	(21) A narrative describing the safety and indoor environment quality concerns with operating a wood burning fireplace (when applicable).	Since there are significant safety and IEQ issues associated with woodburning fireplaces this information seems like a reasonable addition to a home owners manual.		
	1001.1 Homeowner's Manual	(13) Maintenance Checklist, to include maintenance of any low impact development (LID) – sometimes referred to as "green infrastructure," stormwater management devices that are part of the building or installed within the owner's property.	LID infiltration devices require periodic maintenance to ensure that they continue to function properly. Under EPA's Clean Water Rules, if the building is within the watershed of an impaired water body, certification		

February 2011 Page 3 of 137

ID Name Company Entity Represented	Section Number And Requested Action	Proposed Change	Reason	Task Group Action	Reason for TG action
NAHB	Revise as follows		must be done to document that the maintenance of all LID devices in the watershed of the impaired water body has been performed. (See additional EPA requirements for LID under the "Renovations Note" at the end of this section.)		
292 Steven Orlowski National Association of Home Builders NAHB	Homeowner's Manual Add new as follows	(21)A state or EPA may require that the homeowner or building owner sign an agreement that guarantees access to the property in order for third parties to certify that Low Impact Devices (LID) installed in the property remain in place, have not been damaged, and are functioning properly.	LID devices are used to improve local water quality, recharge underground aquifers, and have other environmental benefits. Local or national requirements may mandate that the LID device be mapped by the state and its performance certified by the state or by third parties. Access to the LID device for inspection and maintenance is necessary to carry out those requirements.		
902 Ed Whitby Burnaby Manufacturing Same	Goals/Strategies	IT SHOULD BE ENCOURAGED THAT BUILDERS INCORPORATE A PROPER GAS OUTLET BOX ON THE OUTSIDE PATIO WALL AREA SO THAT HOMEOWNERS CAN UTILIZE THE GAS THAT IS ALREADY PIPED IN TO THE HOUSE TO FUEL THEIR BBQ's, PATIO HEATERS AND ANY OTHER OUTDOOR GAS APPLIANCE.	A VERY LARGE NUMBER OF HOMES STILL USE PORTABLE PROPANE BOTTLES THAT HAVE TO BE REFILLED REGULARLY. THE CARBON FOOTPRINT OF PROPANE FROM THE REFINERY TO THE PATIO IS HUGE COMPARED TO NATURAL GAS AND THE ADDED CARBON FOOTPRINT OF ADDING A PIPE TO THE OUTSIDE WALL IS MINIMAL. THE GAS IS ALREADY AVAILABLE TO THE HOMEOWNER SO WHY DO WE NOT GIVE HIM ACCESS TO THE GAS OUTSIDE LIKE WE DO WATER AND ELECTRICITY. THERE IS AN ONGOING REDUCTION OF CO2'S OF ABOUT 15 % WHEN USING NATURAL GAS OVER PROPANE AS WELL. THIS IS ESPECIALLY RELEVANT IN URBAN AREAS WHERE GAS IS GENERALLY AVAILABLE VERSUS RURAL AREAS WHERE PROPANE CAN BE THE ONLY OPTION. THE AMERICAN GAS ASSOCIATION GIVES 2 POINTS IN THEIR GREEN SCORING SYSTEM FOR EVERY GAS OUTLET INSTALLED ON A HOME AND ENCOURAGING THIS WILL HELP THE HOMEOWNER BY BEING MORE CONVENIENT AND LESS EXPENSIVE AS WELL AS HELP THE AIR QUALITY. THERE ARE PRODUCTS ALREADY AVAILABLE THAT HAVE SAFETY FEATURES BUILT IN FOR FIRE PROTECTION AND CHILD PROOFING BUT IF A PIPE IS SUPPLIED TO THE PATIO NOW IT IS OFTEN CRUDELY FINISHED BY THE HOMEOWNER HIMSELF WITH NO SAFETY BENEFITS AT ALL. PLEASE LET ME KNOW IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS BUT I WOULD BE GLAD TO DISCUSS THIS WITH ANYONE AT ANYTIME. THANK YOU		
313 Nicole L. Villamizar U.S. EPA Office of Resource Conservation & Recovery U.S. Environmental Protection Agency	Building Owners Revise as follows	1002.1 Training of building owners. Building owners/occupants are familiarized with the green building goals and strategies implemented and the impacts of the occupants' practices of the costs of operating the building. Training is provided to the responsible party(ies) regarding all equipment operation and control systems <u>and other green building strategies such as recycling</u> . Systems <u>and strategies include</u> , but are not limited to, the following: (7) Solid waste recycling.	It is important that building owners and occupants of one and two family dwellings and multi unit buildings understand sorting, storage and collection requirements associated with successful recycling practices. This training will ensure awareness and understanding of effective practices to support optimal diversion of waste.		
221 Steven Orlowski National Association of Home Builders NAHB	Add New Section Add new as follows	1004	Post-construction stormwater management is the responsibility of the property owners once construction is complete. There are few mechanisms to inform the public of their responsibilities to reduce pollution and control stormwater on their lots and in common areas. This addition to the NGBS can set the tone for informing the public about the stormwater utilities that serve their communities and preserve water quality.		
		construction manual is compiled and distributed in accordance with Section 1003.0.			

February 2011 Page 4 of 137

							TG-1
Ι	D Name Company Entity Represented	Section Number And Requested Action	Proposed Change		Reason	Task Group Action	Reason for TG action
			(1) A narrative detailing the importance of constructing a green building, including a list of green building attributes included in the storm water management plan. This narrative is included in all responsible parties' manuals.	<u>Mandatory</u>			
			(2) A local green building program certificate as well as a copy of the National Green Building Standard TM , as adopted by the Adopting Entity, and the individual measures achieved by the building.	<u>Mandatory</u>			
			(3) A record drawing of the site including stormwater management plans, utility lines, landscaping with common name and genus/species of plantings (for HOAs & maintenance teams).				
			Record drawings of the low-impact development features for each lot (for owners).				
			A photo record of storm water features installed. Photos are taken during each step of installation and clearly labeled.	<u>Optional</u>			
			1004.2 Operations & Maintenance manual. O &M manuals are created and distributed to the responsible parties in accordance with Section 1004.0.	1			
			A narrative detailing the importance of operating and maintaining on-site and community storm water management features. This narrative is included in all responsible parties' manuals.	<u>Mandatory</u>			
			A list of local service providers that offer regularly scheduled observation and maintenance contracts to ensure proper performance of community or individual lot storm water management feature including but not limited to vegetative swales, French drains, wetlands, drywells, rain gardens, and similar features.				
			(3) User-friendly O &M checklist that includes: (a) rain gardens (b) rain barrels (c) vegetative swales (d) constructed wetlands (e) retention/detention ponds (f) other features				
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February 2011 Page 5 of 137